

視覺藝術篇



1A伍世洛 (冷暖色練習)



1B歐陽家滿 (冷暖色練習)



1E勞翠珊 (動感校園)



1C陳詠珊 (明暗練習)



1D林詩童 (自畫像)



2D楊學思 (好人好事漫畫創作)



2C鍾敏 (我最喜愛的人)



2E簡健儀 (健康四格漫畫創作)



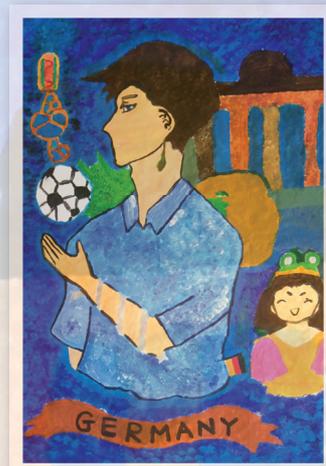
2E陳映悅 (健康四格漫畫創作)



3A林煜庭



3C葉紫晴、邱潔盈、張靖敏、張健銘
(法國·印象)



3D林鑫志、洪紫欣、鄺映桐、林澤慧
(德國·印象)



3E謝仟華 (一點透視)



4D黃俊軒 (我)



4E李綺雪 (我)



F5-6同學 (中華白海豚展)

設計與科技篇

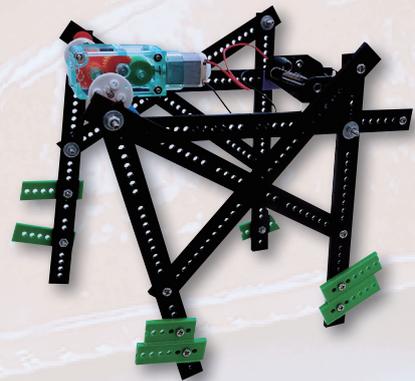
RHINO電腦繪圖



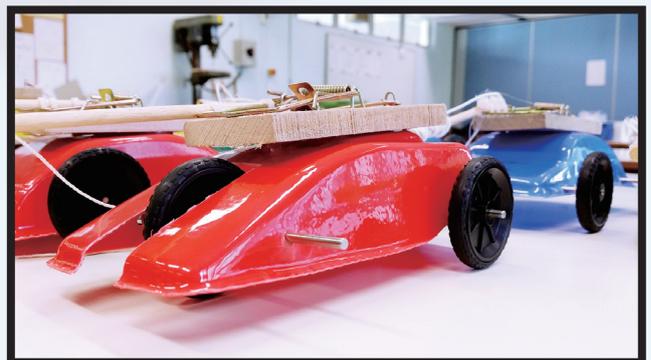
太陽能車



四足機械人



老鼠夾車



座檯鐘



鎖匙扣



雙音門鈴



中文優秀作文選

音樂盒

3D 鄭映桐

音樂盒裏的音樂是我童年的美妙樂章，但是要聽音樂盒的樂音，就必須上鏈，然後打開音樂盒，才可以聽見悅耳的樂音。這就像一張回憶的唱片，再一次在腦海中播放。這一張唱片的演出者是我 and 外婆，這是一首甜味與甘味混和的唱片，記錄著我們的回憶。

我小時的第一個音樂盒是外婆送的，是一個沒有特別裝飾的木製音樂盒，打開的位置有一個貝殼狀的金屬手把，雖然不亮麗，但卻異常的相襯。打開音樂盒，裏面是一面小小的鏡子和一個正在旋轉的公主，姿態優雅，樣子看起來像在跳舞，不是單純的旋轉。

後來，外婆離世了後，家裏的成員經常吵架，爸媽和我便決定搬家。音樂盒在箱子裏靜靜的待著，等待我把它再次打開。我也知道它在箱子裏，但只要我一拿出音樂盒，就會想起外婆，想起我們的經歷，想起我們的苦與樂，然後淚水也會一起來回憶那段時光。我不想哭，我不想面對，我只要逃避。

慢慢的，我忘記了它。在一次清潔房間的時候，我無意找到了那音樂盒。打開音樂盒，是一樣的音樂，保存得很好的公主並沒有褪色，只是鏡子有點發黃。我能面對外婆的死亡了嗎？沒有！淚水仍舊落下。但是，我願意修補那一直沒癒合的傷口，音樂盒的音樂溫柔的安慰著我。

可能，這就是音樂的力量吧！平凡的音樂盒，是我和外婆的唱片，它承載了我對外婆的思念。音樂盒的音樂，是我童年完結的伴曲，沒有因結束而褪色，依舊完好保存，伴著我經歷每一段時光，像外婆陪在我身邊一樣。

一個走在熱鬧的街道上

3E 謝仟華

所謂孤寂，也就是如此吧。

新年晚上，一個人走在街上，到處人山人海的，摩肩接踵，我幾乎被擠得喘不過氣。人們都朝著花市方向走，身旁都伴著家人，只有我一個人踽踽而行，被孤獨壓得喘不過氣。

其實，寂靜環境比處身在沸沸騰騰的路上更令人舒服。因為，在靜寂之中，只有自己一個人；但在鬧騰之中，其他人有伴、有家人，只有你自己一個人，更形孤寂。

我走在這街上，漫無目的，看着琳瑯滿目燈飾，尋遍了每個角落，都找不著一個安靜的容身之處，容下我這個遊子。我只能隨着人流一直走，走到他們的終點，連回頭、轉身的機會也沒有。一如人生，人只能隨着光陰一直走，走到人生的終點，連後悔、補牢的機會也沒有。

要是人生漫無目的地渡過，意義何在？人生需要目標，然後去追去思去想，人生才有意義。

走著走著，竟不覺華燈初上，高聳的大廈閃爍着霓虹燈。晚上，不再是花兒賣弄、爭媚的場地，取而代之的，是天上綻放的煙花天下。亮麗的煙花倒映在海旁，花瓣掉在海裏，顏色是永不磨滅。人們會為它曾綻放的光彩而驚嘆、喝彩。我一個人徘徊、在思索，體會人即使逝去，其他人仍會記得你的偉跡，你在人心中可以永不磨滅。我想人生意義就是如此！

煙花表演完結，人們都離開了海旁，遺下剛才的讚嘆、煙花的碎片，以及一絲寧靜。

所謂孤寂，不過如此。當眼前看到比孤寂更令人醉心的事，孤寂就會被扔在一旁，心中載滿的，是對人生深層的體會。

滂沱大雨的觀塘

1D 馬嘉欣

今天天色陰霾，下著滂沱大雨，翠屏邨異常冷清，卻無減堅樂中學同學前往學校的步伐。

我和其他同學一起站在在行人路燈前，預備橫過馬路。這時，有許多車輛經過，濺起許多雨水，弄濕了我們的黑鞋和校服，真令人討厭！橫過馬路後，經過很多商店，差不多全部都是關上門的。我抬頭一看，見到許多雨點狠狠地擊打廣告燈箱的鐵鏈，令廣告燈箱前後擺動，好像快要跌下來似的，令經過的人都會心驚膽顫。

走上堅樂中學旁的樓梯，見到旁邊的花草樹木因滂沱大雨的關係，不停搖動，像小朋友在跳舞，十分愉快；但一些小樹卻因受不起風雨的虐打而搖搖欲墜。突然，其中一棵樹竟然傾側樹身，令現場所有人都嚇得大聲驚呼。剛巧有位老師經過，馬上致電漁農署，請人跟進事件。這次意外，幸好沒有人受傷。旁觀的同學紛紛離開，改用其他路回校。

經過今次的滂沱大雨上學經歷，我才知道在滂沱大雨上學的苦況，而且體會平時頂著太陽上學，即使汗流浹背，也是幸福的。

對不起，我錯了

5F 陳嘉敏

雨後耀眼的陽光透過小窗戶點亮了侷促黑暗的房間，瑟縮於角落的我沒有一絲要抬頭的意思。犯下大錯後，沒有深刻的反省和自責，是永遠無法接受外界的恩賜，也無法走出這暗房，走出這讓我後悔不已的痛苦回憶。

高中這年，我和新結識的朋友悅兒和子容在陽光普照底下有說有笑，然而，我怎樣都搭不上她們的話題。「你知道嗎？佐敦那家新開的壽司店裡，三文魚是最美味的！」「不！刺身才是最新鮮！」看著悅兒和子容一口咬著紐西蘭牛排，一手拿著高級咖啡高談闊論。我立即蓋上只盛著鹹魚白飯的飯盒。「咦？你不吃飯嗎？」悅兒好奇地問，「今天的牛柳不太合胃口。」我尷尬地撒了個謊。

我氣憤地把破爛的書包用力摔在沙發上。「你怎麼沒吃飯？」媽媽愕然地問，她的衣服十年如一，洗得發白，寒酸的感覺隨着她身上的衣服、簡陋的傢俬、狹小的空間激發我的自卑感和怒氣。「這飯要我怎麼在別人面前吃！」一道雷電接着我的咆哮貫穿整個房間，她的眼淚與窗外浙瀝的雨水交匯着。她垂下頭，轉身回到廚房；我也別過頭，不想理會她。一轉頭，我瞥見半掩的櫃子裡放着金金紅紅的紙幣。我雙眼瞬間冒出金光，金錢的誘惑鼓動我的腦袋，我衝動地迅速從櫃裡抽出一張紙幣並塞進口袋，腦海裡浮現出名牌衣服和手袋。

第二天我盯着子容的錢包，趁空擋時偷偷摸摸地從她的錢包裡拿出數張千元紙幣，然後放回原位。後來的幾天，我重覆着偷竊的動作，享受着在高級商場裡購物快樂，以及脫下搶購廉價貨物的卑微感。

可是那天，當我熟練地偷走子容的錢包時，悅兒從我背後驚叫了一聲，我腦內頓時一片空白，找不到任何砌詞，只覺層層烏雲瀰漫前路。

在女童院，雨還是下不停；我所停留的房間，在日間仍漆黑得像黑夜。各種紀律訓練和指導，不能令我有任何悔意，變黑的到底是這片天，還是我的心呢？幾天後，媽媽第一次來到我面前，隔着一塊玻璃，忐忑不安地坐下，戰戰兢兢地拿出一個飯盒，緩緩打開。小飯盒裡擠滿了和着魚翅的鮑魚，幾個魚子醬壽司整齊排列在邊緣。她試探着問：「可以現在吃掉嗎？放久了不新鮮。」我霎時淚如泉湧，烏雲散去，金錢填不滿的心此刻被溫暖的親情充盈着。

當你認為自己物質貧窮，但事實上，身邊的關懷使你富足，這正是我一向忽略的富貴。

「對不起，我錯了！」

Detention Adventure

2E(7) Ada, Cheng Lok Yan, 2E(13) Eunice, Jim Wang Yan, 2E(17) Hanna, Lai Tsz Huen

Today, Tommy forgot to bring his Math homework. So he was sent to detention by Mr. Ho. This was Tommy's first detention. He felt upset because he worked so hard last night. After school, he stayed in the 2E classroom. When he was doing his Math's homework, a fairy flew out from his book. He asked "Who are you?" The fairy said "I am Heidi, I am a wishing fairy. I can give you three wishes. What do you want?" Tommy was happy and said, "First, I want all of my Math homework to disappear!"

When his Math's homework disappeared, Tommy felt excited. So he made the second wish that he could fly! He flew over the school, the mountains, the Pacific Ocean, the Himalayas and in the last stop he stopped at a beach.

Heidi said "You can stay here if you want and get riches and foods, but you can not go back to your world

ever again! Or, you can go back to your world and still have your homework to do."

Tommy didn't know what to choose because he wanted to stay and he also wanted to go home. Heidi suddenly turned bad, she pushed Tommy into a dark room, he was very scared-he heard Heidi say "You will stay in this room forever. Ha Ha Ha." "Nooo!!! let me out!" shouted Tommy. He began to feel tired so he closed his eyes to have a rest.

Suddenly, Tommy heard the ring bell, he opened his eyes, he didn't fly in the sky, didn't fly over the Himalayas, the Pacific Ocean, didn't go to the beach, didn't see Heidi the fairy. After all, he was still in his world with no riches, no fairies and his Math homework!

Does diversity really matter in today's world?

22 5F (14) Peter, Ho Tak Kin

Diversity is one of the most widely discussed concept in the 21st century. Under all the heated arguments and debates-is diversity a key element to every successful society, or is it just receiving too much attention that it does not deserve?

In recent years, a term previously unheard of started to be spotlighted on news headlines. Dubbed "global warming", the term, which refers to a worldwide trend of increasing temperatures, has gained immense concern-emerged from the rational worries of extreme weather, rising sea levels and declining biodiversity. Biodiversity may not be a direct impact to the society, but it is essential for nature to attain equilibrium, to maintain its climate patterns and support the production of crops. As the vicious cycle of the climate crisis continues, the primary industry will eventually fail to secure a basic human need of the whole community, given that lab-grown food is still a technology in its infancy state. Along with a reduction in usable resources such as wood and animal fur, diversity clearly poses importance towards the primary and secondary industries. But how about the tertiary industry and other aspects of our lives?

Unsurprisingly, diversity plays a vital role in the healthy development of the tertiary industry too. Corporations

which hire only local employees tend to grow more slowly than those that search out and look for talented workers from foreign countries. The advantages of this act is that it ensures a high service quality and that it enhances international communication, allowing the company to extend its reach into neighboring nations, and thus gaining market share at a much higher rate than those that are trapped within the boundary of wherever they are in.

Speaking of the growth of companies however, it is also important to know that another type of diversity may be threatened if one company were to grow indefinitely. Take the supermarkets in Hong Kong as an example. Those two corporations that successfully gained a large portion of the market in the retail industry are dominant, leading to adverse consequences such as hindrance to the development of relatively small shops, and their freedom to adjust the prices of merchandises leaves us no choice but to accept the truth of the ever-rising cost of living. Fortunately, market minorities are not completely drowned out by the commercial giants, and survive to provide us with a diverse market, granting us the precious freedom of choice. With a large variety of brands and qualities of products to choose from, there is always one that suits our needs.

Multiculturalism, on the other hand, may not be as straight-up beneficial as its marketing counterpart, but it nonetheless helps shape a harmonic community. By showing foreign tourists our friendly and welcoming face, local tourism can be boosted a lot due to the integration of races and nationalities bringing them a positive impression. In addition, through communication with diverse ethnic groups, we can always exchange views and opinions, and learn from each other, whether it is merely knowing interesting facts about themselves or sharing profound life experiences that would cast a long-lasting impact on our lives. Being advantageous in both personal and interpersonal development as well as the economy of the city as a whole, it is obvious that diversified cultural groups improves our living standard greatly.

In conclusion, diversity should not be considered overrated. Actually, diversity is necessary to the self-sustaining system of any successful society, supplying us with everything from the food we eat, the choices we make and the people we socialize with. Thank you, diversity, for creating the vibrant and dazzling metropolis we call Hong Kong.

A True Friend

5A (17) Nicky, Leung Fong Ling
5A (18) Christy, Leung Ka Yin
5A (23) Miffy, Ng Wai Ka

The Second World War was a global war from 1939 to 1945. This made the deadliest conflict in human history. The war was messy- with cries everywhere, and sad, tired women and men. There was a military doctor -John, he did not have many friends in the military but he had his best friend, Peter. John loved his friend very much. They were always together. Peter helped him to find wounded soldiers in the battlefield. They did not want to lose each other but the war was very cruel and unforgiving.

'BOOM, BOOM!' Suddenly John got injured by an explosion and his leg was hurt, Peter saw that he was in pain. He pulled John to a safe place and went to find help. There was no one to help John as it was very chaotic and dangerous in the battlefield. However, Peter didn't give up. He went a long distance to find John's team members, he searched for a long time, 'I cannot give up! John needs me!' He thought. 'OH! I found him, John's team member!' Peter got their attention and led them to find John. After finding John, Peter died suddenly from a bullet to the head -but he finished his mission with a smile.

John was sad as he lost his leg and his best friend in the war, is victory more important than life? After the Second World War, John and his team members commemorated Peter's death. They wrote the book 'Peter, A Dog We Loved'. It was a record of John and Peter's memories in the War and to remind people that war is the most dangerous thing in the world, and we should show more love and peace. Moreover, a dog is really man's best friend.

Should Hong Kong's Government implement more policies for helping poor?

By LEUNG WAI TUNG, Rachel 5F (25)

In Hong Kong, it does not take much effort to notice that a significant number of people live in small cages called a flat. What is the underlying cause of this phenomenon? If asked, many citizens would give the same answer - They cannot afford the rising cost of rent. Should policies for helping the poor be carried out?

The very first reason why people are in favour of providing welfare to the poor is that the situation of poor people is getting worse. They cannot find ideal jobs to get higher salaries, so people's quality of life decreases. Many couples need to work day and night to overtake the rate of inflation. Some of them even join the Comprehensive Assistance Scheme for a long time but there's no obvious improvements.

As is often the case, there are always people who hold a different view. Critics claim that more and more welfare will discourage the motivation of citizens to work. They defend their stance by saying that there are numerous cases of fraud in the Comprehensive Assistance Scheme. They argue that people don't want to work when they are taken good care of by the government. If there is an increasing number of public expenditure, it will damage the competitiveness of Hong Kong.

Persuasive as their arguments seem, they actually do not hold water. Firstly, the decrease of motivation for work is a subjective saying. Enough welfare not only help people reduce their financial pressure but also strengthen their confidence in the government. Another argument is that if laws are strict, the cases of fraud will be lower.

Admittedly, welfare to the poor do have it's drawbacks but it cannot be denied that the merits definately outweigh it's disadvantages.

The Pearl River Delta.

A river speaks to its people
by Leung, Fong Ling 5A (17)

(This poem was published in the collection of the Hong Kong Young Writers' Awards Anthology 2015)

Pleased at your love
Your effort on my side
Farming in small rural villages
Gives me fresh air and abide

Sincere, gentle and leisurely
Observing your care
Caring for each other with your gentle ways
And no one will feel hurt here
Everything I give you
You are surrounded by farmland
Without money, hi-tech and finances
You still think I am a wonderland

Now, only money on your side
Factories, hi-tech, finances tear my skin
You did not see my wound
Still take your knife and enter in

Where is my fresh air ?
It is swallowed by factories
I lose my green trees, white clouds and golden sun
Should I be happy with the name-World's Factory?

Indifferent, hypocritical and frightening
No care with each other
And estranged by working and money
Gradually, you turn into a stranger

Wolfpire

Suki Wong 2E (31)



This unusual creature is called Wolfpire (werewolf and vampire). Some people think it looks like a normal human but with wolf claws. Some people believe that it is immortal. People are afraid of it because it is an immortal being who feeds and survives on the blood of humans or animals.

Wanna know more about Wolfpire?

Hong long can Wolfpire live?

Wolfpire can live forever unless it is killed or destroyed by vampire hunters and fire. If it is killed by fire, it can't be reborn.

How strong is Wolfpire?

Wolfpire can pull out the roots of a tree just by its claws. If it doesn't eat, it will lose all its energy.

How fast is Wolfpire?

Wolfpire is faster than a car. If it doesn't eat, it can't run.

How tall is Wolfpire?

Wolfpire is about 1.8 metres tall. If it is fed with blood, it will get taller.



How often does Wolfpire hunt for blood?

Wolfpire hunts for blood once per week. If it doesn't hunt, it will lose all its energy.

How many colours does Wolfpire have?

Wolfpire has 5 colours. They are black, dark brown, golden brown, silver grey and white. If it hunts, it will change its colour.

Don't you think Wolfpire is charming? Will you fall in love with Wolfpire?